General instructions for Students: Whatever be the notes provided, everything must be copied in the Physics copy and then do the HOMEWORK in the same copy.

### Types of friction:

- 1. Dry or external or contact friction.
- 2. Internal or wet friction.

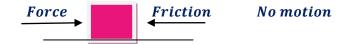
#### Dry or external or contact friction:

Friction, which comes into play when one solid body moves over the other.

It is of the following types: Static friction and Kinetic friction

#### Static friction:

Friction, which comes into play before a body begins to move or slide over another body



#### Kinetic friction:

Friction, which comes into play when there is actual relative motion between two bodies.

For example: A car moving on the road, Rubbing your hands together, etc.

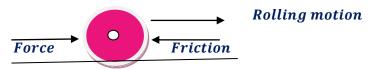
It is further two types: Sliding friction and Rolling friction

Sliding friction: Friction occours when there is relative (or sliding) motion at the interface of the surfaces in contact.



For example: Pushing desk, Rubbing your hands together, etc.

Rolling friction: Friction occours when one surface rotates as it moves over another surface but does not slip or slide at the point or area of contact.



For example: Between a train wheel and a rail, Basket ball, etc.

# ${\it Undesirable\ factors: Disadvantages}$

- st Friction is non conservative force threrefore energy is always lost in overcoming friction.
- \* It is responsible for wear and tear of various parts of machines.
- \* It decreases the efficiency of machines.

### Desirable factors : Advantages

- \* It helps us to walk on the ground.
- \* we can write on a paper due to friction.
- \* It helps in stoping a vehicle on applying the brakes.
- \* It helps in generating heat when we rub our hands together.

# <u>Assignment</u>

- 1. Define the following terms
- (a) Static friction
- (b) Kinetic friction
- (c) Rolling friction
- 2. Why friction is called a necessary evil?